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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/922,520	08/03/2001	Donald Pham	CISCO-4113	8849
75	90 07/11/2006		EXAMINER	
Timothy A. Brisson			DUONG, DUC T	
Sierra Patent Gr P.O. Box 6149	roup		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Stateline, NV	89449		2616	
	DATE MAILED: 07/11/2006		6	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				10			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/922,520	PHAM ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Duc T. Duong	2663				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	,			
THE - External after of the control	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of the toreply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to ywithin the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDON	imely filed sys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication (SS U.S.C. § 133).	ion.			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 Fe	ebruary 2006.					
•		action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dienocit	ion of Claims	ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	.55 O.G. 215.				
· _							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1,5-7,11-13,17-21 and 25-30</u> is/are pending in the application.						
- √□	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
· <u></u>	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
· ·	Claim(s) <u>1,5-7,11-13,17-21 and 25-30</u> is/are rejected.						
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
а)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents application from the International Bureau	s have been received. s have been received in Applicative documents have been received in Applicative documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage				
* S	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receiv	ed.				
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar	v (PTO-413)				
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	Date				
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 7, 13, 19, and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bournas (US Patent 6,201,791 B1).

Regarding to claims 1, 7, 13, and 19, Bournas discloses an apparatus for measuring the performance of a scalable network (fig. 1) comprising means 112 for preparing the network for testing (fig. 5 col. 6 lines 3-10); means for establishing an IP routing path 102/106 for a session to be tested (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 38-49); means 114 for sending a constant stream of packets to a client node 108 (fig. 5 col. 6 lines 13-15; noted the N packets are sent in a loop in an immediate succession, and thus the packets are sent in constant stream); and means 116 for counting said received packets (fig. 5 and 8 col. 6 lines 15-26); and establishing a peak performance rate (optimal window size) as the highest rate with no packet dropout (fig. 6 col. 7 lines 41-46; noted the optimal window size (rate) is calculated once all ACKs for test packets are received, and thus the optimal window size is calculated with no packet loss).

Bournas fails to teach explicitly the routing path is a static IP route.

However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to arrange the IP routing path 102/106 in Bournas as static

Application/Control Number: 09/922,520

Art Unit: 2616

since such arrangement is a matter of choice that would serve the same purpose, and thus constitutes no new inventive concept.

Regarding to claim 29, Bournas discloses the packet generator 14 is configured to perform testing using software 116 (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 61-64).

3. Claims 5, 6, 11, 12, 17, 18, 20, 21, and 25-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bournas in view of Beverly, IV (U.S. Patent 6,732,182 B1).

Regarding to claims 5, 6, 11, 12, 17, 18, 20, 21, and 25-28, Bournas discloses all the limitations with respect to claims 1, 7, 13, and 19 except for the constant stream of packets are sent over an OC-3 or OC-12 level networks. However, Beverly discloses a system for generating a packet loss report, wherein test packets are sends over an OC-3 or OC-12 level (col. 4 lines 21-26) via Ethernet pathways 224-228 (fig. 2 col. 6 lines 16-20). Thus, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to employ a transmission of test packets over OC-3 and OC-12 network via Ethernet pathways as taught by Beverly in Bournas's system for measuring the performance of high speed networks, such as SONET or SDH.

4. Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bournas in view of Dawson (US Patent 6625,764 B1).

Regarding to claim 30, Bournas discloses all the limitations with respect to claim 19, except for a test configuration file is download from a TFTP server. However, Dawson discloses a system under testing using a download CRC calculation from a TFTP server 30 (fig. 1 col. 5 lines 6-17). Thus, it would have been obvious to a person

Application/Control Number: 09/922,520 Page 4

Art Unit: 2616

of ordinary skill in the art to employ a CRC calculation value download from a server as taught by Dawson in Bournas's system ensure the system under test functions properly.

Pertinent Cited Preferences

5. US Patent 6,243,832 B1 and US Patent 6,816,464.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed February 6, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Regarding applicant's argument on page 7 requesting evidence for establishing a static IP route. In response, the examiner has cited the additional cited preferences in the above showing testing of network using static IP route (in US Patent 6,243832 B1 col. 11 lines 50-63 and in US Patent 6,816,464 B1 col. 10 lines 53-62). Regarding to applicant's argument on page 7, Bournas count the received packets at the first node and wherein the amended claims count the received packets at the second node. In response, the examiner would like to point out in the amended claims as recited shows no such assertion of counting the received packets at the second node. All the amended claims recited are the received packets are count at the packet count unit, it does not claim where is the count packet unit, and thus it can interpret to be anywhere. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir.

Application/Control Number: 09/922,520 Page 5

Art Unit: 2616

1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, all the essential elements of the claims except for the path of testing is a static IP path, and thus it appears the path of testing is depend more upon the choice of the inventor and convenience and availability of the machines and tools necessary to performs the testing, than on the inventive concept. *See In re Larson*, 144 USPQ 347 (CCPA 1965), and *In re Lcokhart*, 90 USPQ 214 (CCPA 1951). Based on the reasons set forth here the rejections are maintained.

Conclusion

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Application/Control Number: 09/922,520

Art Unit: 2616

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Huy D. Vu can be reached on 571-272-3155. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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> HUY D. VU SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600